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would be recognized in embassies and legations, and the consular service would be organized according to the guild plan. As an advanced labor proposal guild socialism naturally opposes chauvinism, militarism and imperialism, and favors the progress of pacific international relations. But, as the late war has demonstrated, too much reliance cannot be placed upon this type of obstruction to war until international policy and organization have become better adapted to repressing or nullifying explosions of herd instinct in times of international stress and conflict of interests.

H. E. B.

*An Outline of Modern History.* By EDWARD MEAD EARLE.  
New York, The Macmillan Company. x, 166 pp.

This excellent syllabus of European history since 1500 is a revision and enlargement of the *Syllabus of Modern European History* by Hayes, Moon and Evans. The sections dealing with the last decade are entirely new and are very well executed. It is designed specifically to accompany C. J. H. Hayes' *Political and Social History of Modern Europe*, and *Brief History of the Great War*. Whatever one may think of the attitude expressed in Professor Hayes' histories towards contemporary intellectual life, there can be no doubt that he has analyzed with more courage, acumen and impartiality than any other American textbook writer the nature and results of modern nationalism and international relations. This syllabus will be a material aid to the study of his books. Mention also should be made of the revised and enlarged edition of Clarence Perkins' *An Outline of Recent European History, 1815-1921*. This admirable syllabus is adapted for use with the textbooks by Hayes, Hazen and Schapiro, and it is of more bibliographic assistance than that by Professor Earle.

H. E. B.

*The Neutralization of States: a Study in Diplomatic History and International Law.* By Clair Francis Littell. Privately printed, 1920, 180 pp.

This is a doctoral dissertation prepared under the direction of John Bassett Moore at Columbia University. It is designed to present in English for the first time an historical analysis of this important subject, which has already been treated by Pic-